Delivering your presentation remotely

Jean-luc Doumont

When delivering remotely, your main challenge is engaging your audience, which easily gets distracted. At each moment, give them something meaningful to look at and to listen to. In particular, control what the platform allows them to watch: yourself or your slides (perhaps alternating), but nothing else.

Get your audience to

- pay attention to,
- understand,
- (be able to) act upon

a maximum of messages, given constraints



To optimize your communication...

First law

Adapt to your audience

Second law

Maximize the signal-to-noise ratio

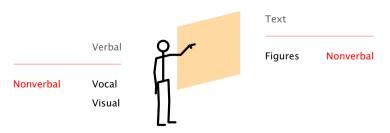
Third law

Use effective redundancy

Adapting during the talk is hard: analyze the audience in advance.

To focus the audience's attention on the message, don't give them anything else to look at/listen to.

Oral presentations convey credibility through nonverbal communication



Remote-meeting platforms show speaker and slides disconnected

∴ Large slides
 well readable



Tiny speaker

looking down ::

Audience controls what is displayed

and where (and how large) it gets displayed ::



Speaker only



If done right, it is...

- more natural
- more credible
- more engaging

Slides only



Not turning on the video...

- avoids visual noise
- requires less bandwith
- is easier for the speaker

Speaker and slides alternating

Speaker controls what is displayed when

Recording Record yourself delivering

(perhaps with your smartphone)

then

mix in slides when useful

with a video-editing application

Live session Start/stop share screen

(relies on audience settings)

or

Share video through screen

Reliable, faster, and more natural

Match camera and slides

to shared (portion of) screen

Camera stream



Slides

Simply switch applications

to alternate speaker with slides

Workspaces are suboptimal for remote presentations

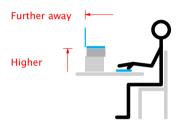
The built-in camera is too close and at a poor angle (looking up)



Suboptimal camera shot

Set your camera at eye level by propping up your laptop

Use a mouse or remote control (and, if needed, an external mic)



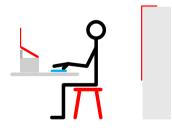
Better



Further optimized

Tilt the laptop

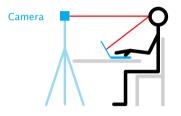
for easier access to the keyboard



Sit on a stool, not a chair to sit straight, as if standing

Alternatively, use an external camera (set at eye level) for a better image

To avoid visibly looking down when glancing at your screen, set your laptop as close as possible to the external camera





Suboptimal to maintain eye contact

Better

Consider backdrop and light

for a higher signal-to-noise ratio

When you are showing slides only, writing a text is an option, but...

Typically, a written speech...

is a more polished speech

that is clear, accurate, concise

but

sounds like a written text

that is read out loud or recited



Write it as a spoken text

Capture what you would say

Learn to "say" your text

Typeset it for easier reading

Choose where to place it

for high signal-to-noise ratio

Work extra hard on your vocal delivery

You might not be visible

such as when showing slides



It affects your credibility

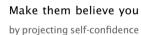
Now your voice is everything

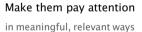
Voice quality is affected

by transmission technology

It affects understanding of your text by the audience

Use body language to establish both credibility and presence





Impress with your body Move only when meaningful

Use deliberate gestures reasonably close to the body

Make strong eye contact with your (invisible) audience

Remote interaction is possible, but easily distracts

Attendees' videos

Chat

Polls

'Raise hand' and related

shift attention away from speaker and onto others
distract less, but might hurt the momentum
are probably the least obtrusive option

For Q&A, rely on 'raise hand' so you can get the question firsthand—or have attendees send them to host privately. Position close to the camera whatever you might look at, such as a timer—or perhaps even a friendly face to talk to: it makes eye contact easier while boosting your energy.